

FIG. 1 is a schematic diagram of a system for controlling a process. The system includes a controller 101, a process 102, and a sensor 103. The controller 101 is connected to the process 102 and the sensor 103. The sensor 103 provides feedback to the controller 101. The process 102 is controlled by the controller 101. The system also includes a display 104 and a keyboard 105. The display 104 is connected to the controller 101 and the keyboard 105. The keyboard 105 provides input to the controller 101. The system is used for controlling a process.

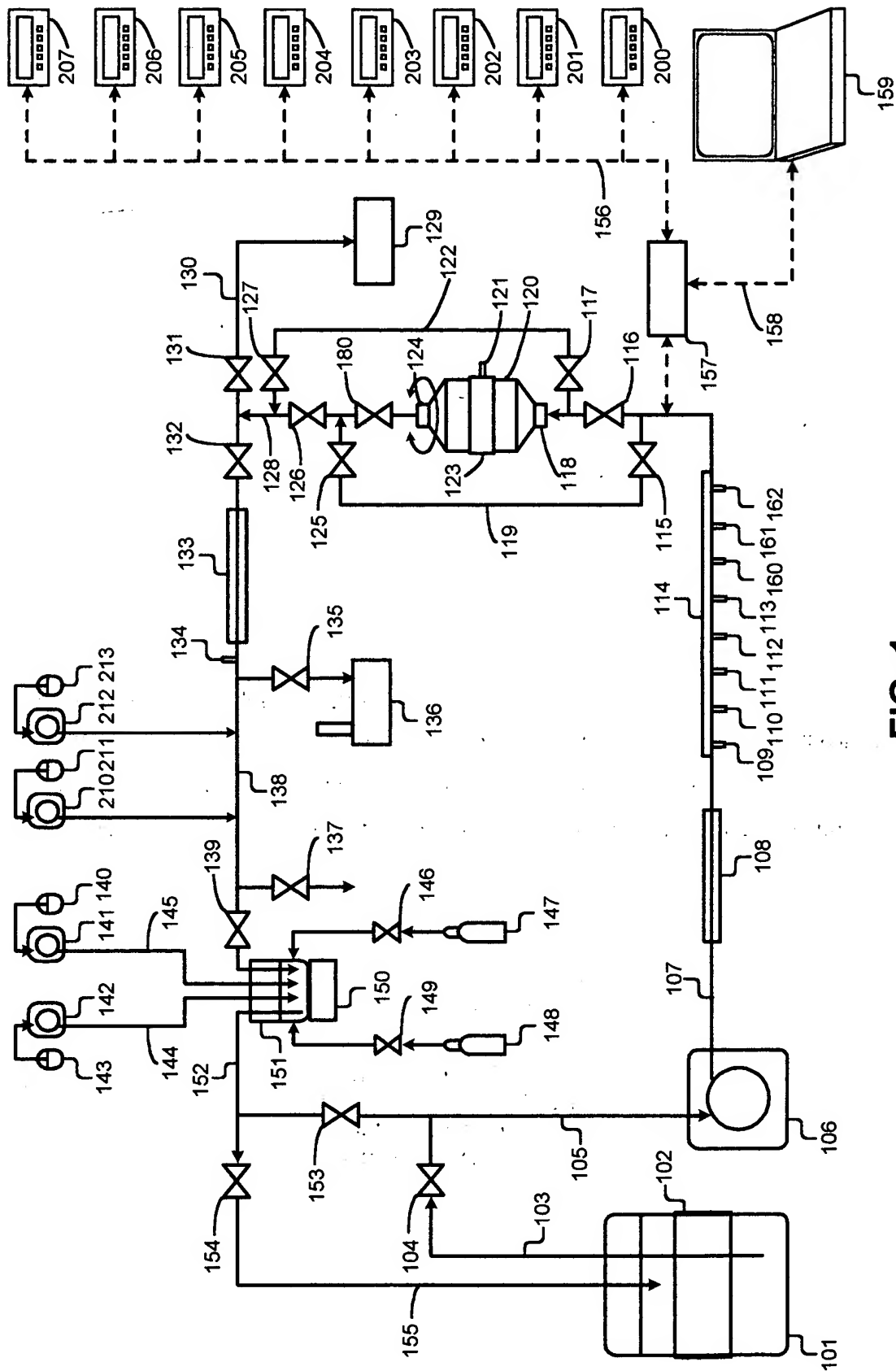


FIG. 1

FIG. 2 is a block diagram of the system of FIG. 1, showing the interconnections between the various components. The system is controlled by a central computer microprocessor 159, which is connected to a user interface 159(C), a display 159(D), and a software code 159(B). The microprocessor 159 is also connected to a program memory 159(A). The system includes a variety of sensors, including temperature sensors 112, 121, and 134, a CO meter 206, a CO2 meter 207, a pH sensor 111, a DO sensor 109, a nitric oxide sensor 110, and a pressure sensor 113. The system also includes a variety of actuators, including pumps (PE pump 212, process pump 106, acid pump 141, base pump 141), valves (104, 115, 116, 117, 125, 126, 127, 131, 132, 135, 137, 139, 146, 149, 153, 154, 180), heaters (123, 133), coolers (102, 108), and an auto sampler 136. The system is controlled by a temperature controller 200, a pH controller 201, a DO controller 202, and a PE controller 204. The system is connected to a network 157, which is connected to a base station 158. The system is also connected to a power source 158.

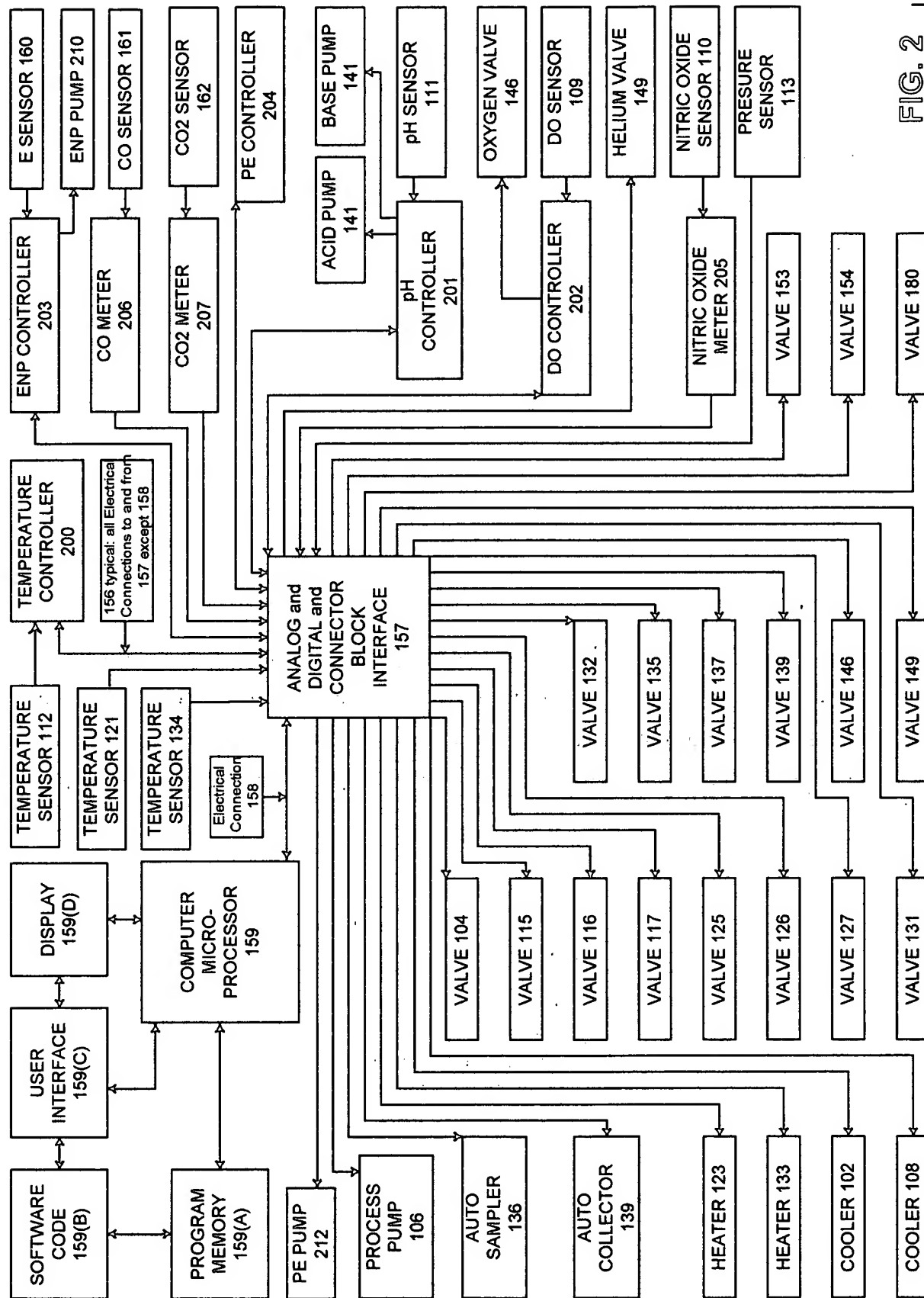


FIG. 2

FIG. 3

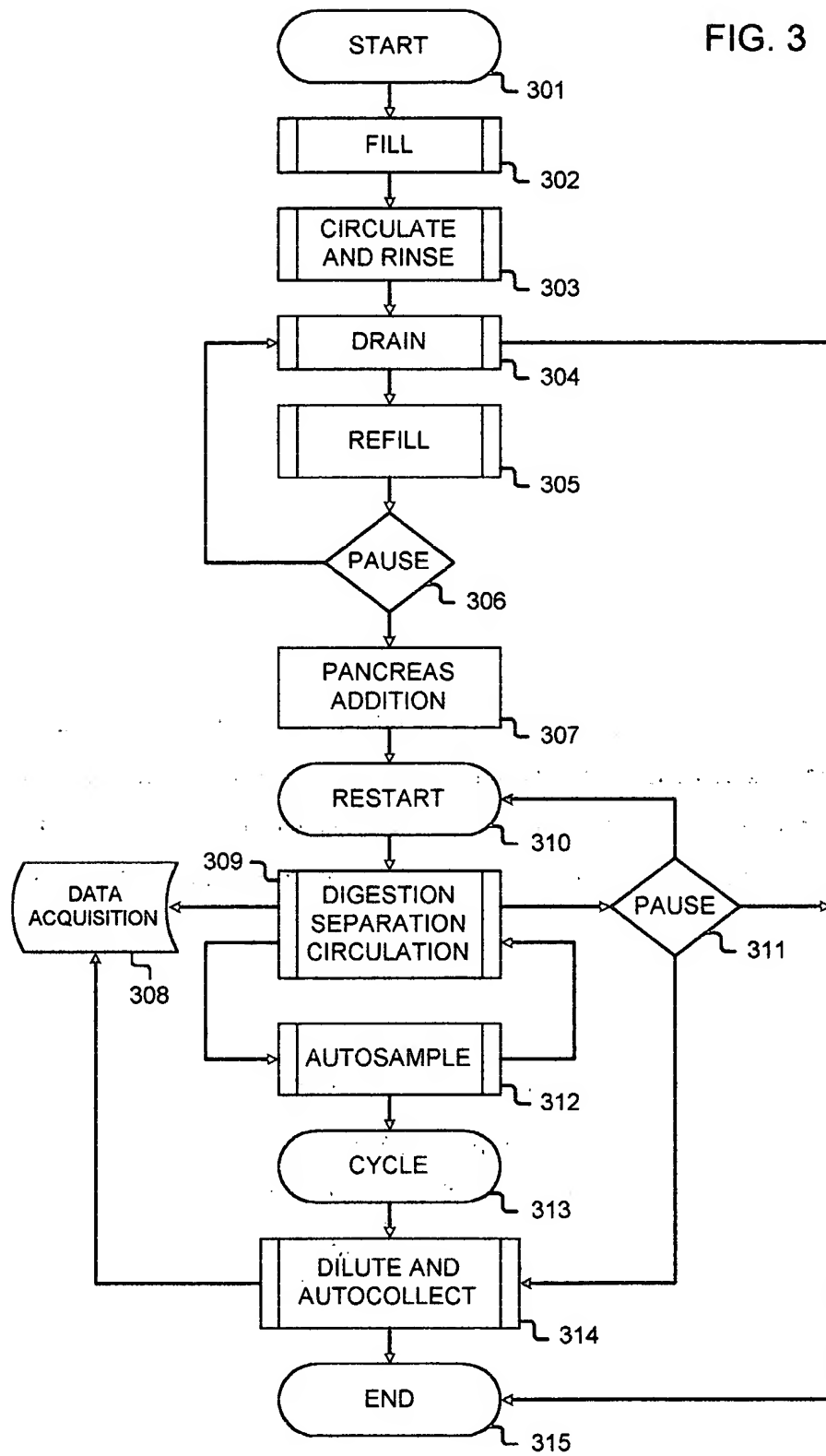


FIG. 4

AUTOMATED ISLET SEPARATION APPARATUS PROCESS CONTROL VALVE LOGIC

401			
ACTION	STATE	VALVE	
FILL	OPEN	104 116 126 132 139 154	180
	CLOSED	115 117 125 127 131 135	137 153
CIRCULATE AND RINSE	OPEN	116 126 132 139 153	180
	CLOSED	104 115 117 125 127 131	135 137 154
DRAIN	OPEN	104 116 126 132 137	180
	CLOSED	115 117 125 127 131 135	139 153 154
REFILL	OPEN	104 116 126 132 139	154 180
	CLOSED	115 117 125 127 131 135	137 153
PANCREAS ADDITION IN DYNAMIC FLOW DIGESTION CHAMBER	OPEN	115 125 126 132 139	153
	CLOSED	104 116 117 180 127 131	135 137 154
DIGESTION, SEPARATION AND CIRCULATION WITH DYNAMIC FLOW DIGESTION CHAMBER FORWARD FLOW	OPEN	116 126 132 139 153	180
	CLOSED	104 115 117 125 127 131	135 137 154
DIGESTION, SEPARATION AND CIRCULATION WITH DYNAMIC FLOW DIGESTION CHAMBER REVERSE FLOW	OPEN	115 117 125 127 132 139	153 180
	CLOSED	104 116 126 131 135 137	154
AUTOSAMPLE AND CIRCULATE	OPEN	116 126 132 135 139	153 180
	CLOSED	104 116 118 126 128 132	137 154
DILUTE AND COLLECT	OPEN	104 116 126 131	180
	CLOSED	115 117 125 127 132 135	137 139 153 154
OXYGEN SPARGING ON OXYGEN SPARGING OFF	OPEN	146	
	CLOSED	146	
HELIUM SPARGING ON HELIUM SPARGING OFF	OPEN	149	
	CLOSED	149	

FIG. 5 is a schematic diagram of a system for controlling a pump 120. The system includes a pump 120, a control unit 119, and a feedback loop 122. The pump 120 is connected to a supply line 107 via a valve 115. The pump 120 is also connected to a discharge line 127 via a valve 117. The control unit 119 is connected to the pump 120 via a control line 125. The feedback loop 122 is connected to the pump 120 via a feedback line 126. The feedback line 126 is connected to the control unit 119 via a sensor 128. The control unit 119 is also connected to the pump 120 via a control line 125. The control unit 119 is also connected to the pump 120 via a control line 125. The control unit 119 is also connected to the pump 120 via a control line 125.

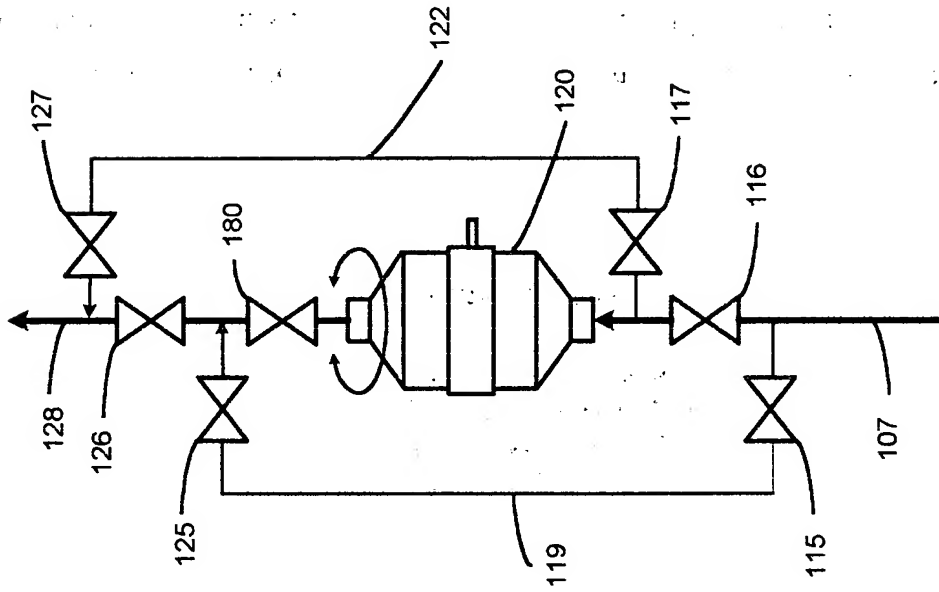


FIG. 5

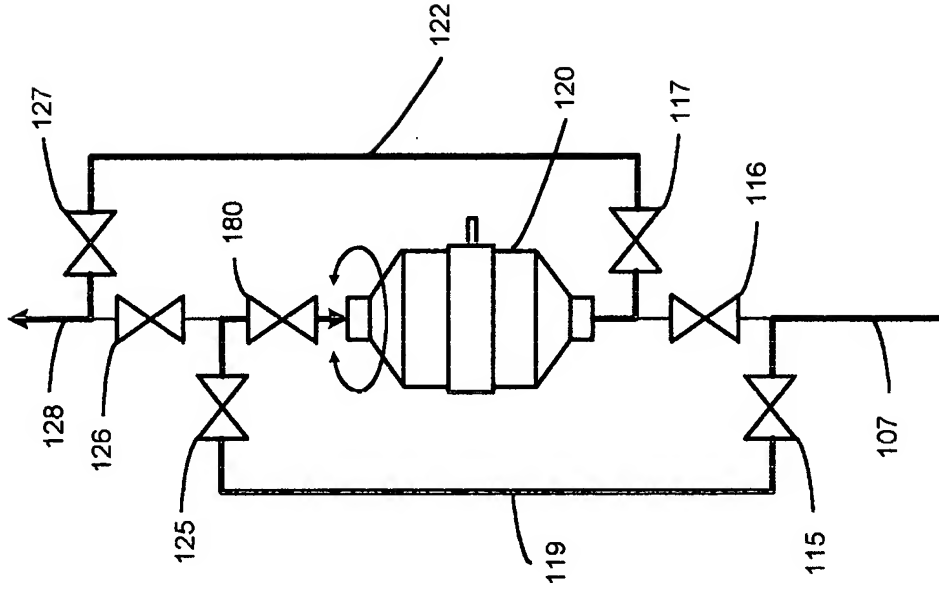


FIG. 6